## National Curriculum Geography Programs of Study Key Stage 1 and 2

## Progression of skills Progression of Skills: Being a Geographer



Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
Investigate the local area including the school, North	Investigate an area to contrast with the local one and	Study a region of the UK (Peak District) to study similarities
Wingfield and the surrounding areas.	expand our study of the local area.	and differences of human and physical geography.
<ul> <li>Locational knowledge</li> <li>Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Locational knowledge</li> <li>Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas.</li> <li>Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans. (Link to hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Locational knowledge</li> <li>Name and locate cities and counties of the United Kingdom, and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time.</li> </ul>
Place knowledge To study the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom. (North Wingfield human and physical feature? E.g. human – house physical – trees/woods, rivers -	Place knowledge Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country. (Nottingham/Sheffield City centre (possible train journey and contrasting non – European country Australia)	<b><u>Place knowledge</u></b> Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom.
<ul> <li>Human and physical geography</li> <li>Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom. (The seasons – winter is cold, summer is hot etc.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Human and physical geography</li> <li>Identify daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom. (Compare two places within the UK – Isle of Coll and Chesterfield</li> <li>The location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles (This could link to studying continents and oceans).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><u>Human and physical geography</u> <u>describe and understand key aspects of:</u></li> <li>Physical geography, including: rivers and the water cycle Human geography, including types of settlement and land use and economic activity.</li> </ul>

Year 1 Investigate the local area including the school, North Wingfield and the surrounding areas.	Year 2 Investigate an area to contrast with the local one and expand our study of the local area.	Year 3 Study a region of the UK (Peak District) to study similarities and differences of human and physical geography.
<ul> <li>I can keep a weather chart and answerquestions about the weather.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I can say what I like and do not like about the place I live in.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I can use the correct geographical wordsto describe a place.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>I can explain where I live and tell someone my address.</li> <li>I can explain some of the main things thatare in hot and cold places.</li> <li>I can explain the clothes that I wouldwear in hot and cold places.</li> <li>I can explain how the weather changesthroughout the year and name the seasons.</li> <li>I can name the four countries in the United Kingdom and locate them on amap.</li> <li>I can name some of the main towns and cities in the United Kingdom.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I can say what I like and do not like about a different place.</li> <li>I can describe a place outside Europeusing geographical words.</li> <li>I can describe some of the features of anisland.</li> <li>I can describe the key features of a placefrom a picture using words like beach, coast, forest, hill, mountain, ocean, valley.</li> <li>I can explain how jobs may be different inother locations.</li> <li>I can explain how an area has been spoilt or improved and give my reasons.</li> <li>I can name the continents of the worldand locate them on a map.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I can use some basic Ordnance Survey map symbols.</li> <li>I can use grid references on a map.</li> <li>I can use an atlas by using the index tofind places.</li> <li>I can describe how volcanoes are created.</li> <li>I can locate and name some of theworld's most famous volcanoes.</li> <li>I can describe how earthquakes are created.</li> <li>I can name a number of countries in the northern hemisphere.</li> <li>I can name and locate the capital citiesof neighbouring European</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>I can name the capital cities of England, Wales, Scotland and Ireland.</li> <li>I can find where I live on a map of the United Kingdom.</li> </ul>	

Year 4 Study a region of Europe (Italy) to study similarities and differences of human and physical geography.	Year 5 Study a region of North (New York) & South America (Rio) to study similarities and differences of human and physical geography.	Year 6 Compare and contrast an area of the UK (Derbyshire) with a region of Europe (Italy) and with a region of North (New York) or South America (Rio)
<ul> <li>Locational knowledge</li> <li>Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities.</li> <li>Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Locational knowledge</li> <li>Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on N &amp; S America, concentrating on environmental regions, physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities.</li> <li>Name and locate counties and cities of the U.K, geographical regions and identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features e.g. hills, mountains, coasts and rivers, and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Locational knowledge</li> <li>Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and N &amp; S America, concentrating on environmental regions, key physical &amp; human characteristics, countries, and major cities.</li> <li>Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day &amp; night)</li> </ul>
Place knowledge Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region in a European country.	<b><u>Place knowledge</u></b> Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region within North or South America.	<b><u>Place knowledge</u></b> Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country, and a region within North or South America
<ul> <li><u>Human &amp; physical geography</u></li> <li><u>describe and understand key aspects of:</u></li> <li>Physical geography, including climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, and earthquakes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><u>Human &amp; physical geography</u></li> <li><u>describe and understand key aspects of:</u></li> <li>Physical geography, including climate zones, mountains and volcanoes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Human &amp; physical geography describe and understand key aspects of:</li> <li>Physical geography, including climate zones.</li> <li>Human geography, including: types of settlement</li> </ul>
• Human geography, including types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links.	<ul> <li>Human geography, including types of settlement and land use, and economic activity including trade links.</li> </ul>	and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water.

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<ul> <li>I can carry out research to discoverfeatures of villages, towns or cities.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I can plan a journey to a place in anotherpart of the world, taking account of distance and time.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I can use Ordnance Survey symbols and 6figure grid references.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>I can plan a journey to a place in England.</li> <li>I can collect and accurately measureinformation (e.g. rainfall, temperature, wind speed, noise levels etc).</li> <li>I can explain why people may beattracted to live in cities.</li> <li>I can explain why people may choose tolive in one place rather than another.</li> <li>I can locate the Tropic of Cancer and Tropic of Capricorn.</li> <li>I can explain the difference between the British Isles, Great Britain and the United Kingdom.</li> <li>I know the countries that make up the European Union.</li> <li>I can find at least six cities in the UK on amap.</li> <li>I can name and locate some of the mainislands that surround the United Kingdom.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I can explain why many cities are situated on or close to rivers.</li> <li>I can explain why people are attracted tolive by rivers.</li> <li>I can explain the course of a river.</li> <li>I can name and locate many of the world's most famous rivers in an atlas.</li> <li>I can name and locate many of the world's most famous mountainous regionsin an atlas.</li> <li>I can explain how a location fits into itswider geographical location with reference to human and economical features.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I can answer questions by using a map.</li> <li>I can use maps, aerial photographs, plansand e-resources to describe what a locality might be like.</li> <li>I can describe how some places are similar and dissimilar in relation to theirhuman and physical features.</li> <li>I can name the largest desert in the worldand locate desert regions in an atlas.</li> <li>I can identify and name the Tropics ofCancer and Capricorn as well as the Arctic and Antarctic Circles.</li> <li>I can explain how time zones work andcalculate time differences around the world.</li> </ul>
I can name the areas of origin of the mainethnic groups in the United Kingdom and in our school.		